

HMRC phase I: initial results

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Introduction

Motivation: explore how different cluster mass measures recover mass.

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What we did:

provided mock galaxy catalogue { Centers: ra, dec, vres
Galaxies: ra, dec, vres, Mr, g-r colour

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What we asked for:

Halo ID	Center RA [rad]	Center DEC [rad]	Center V_{res} [km/s]	Mass [M_{solar}]	Velocity Dispersion [km/s]	Radius [Mpc]	N_{gal}
1	0.82	0.14	500	10^{14}	900	1	50

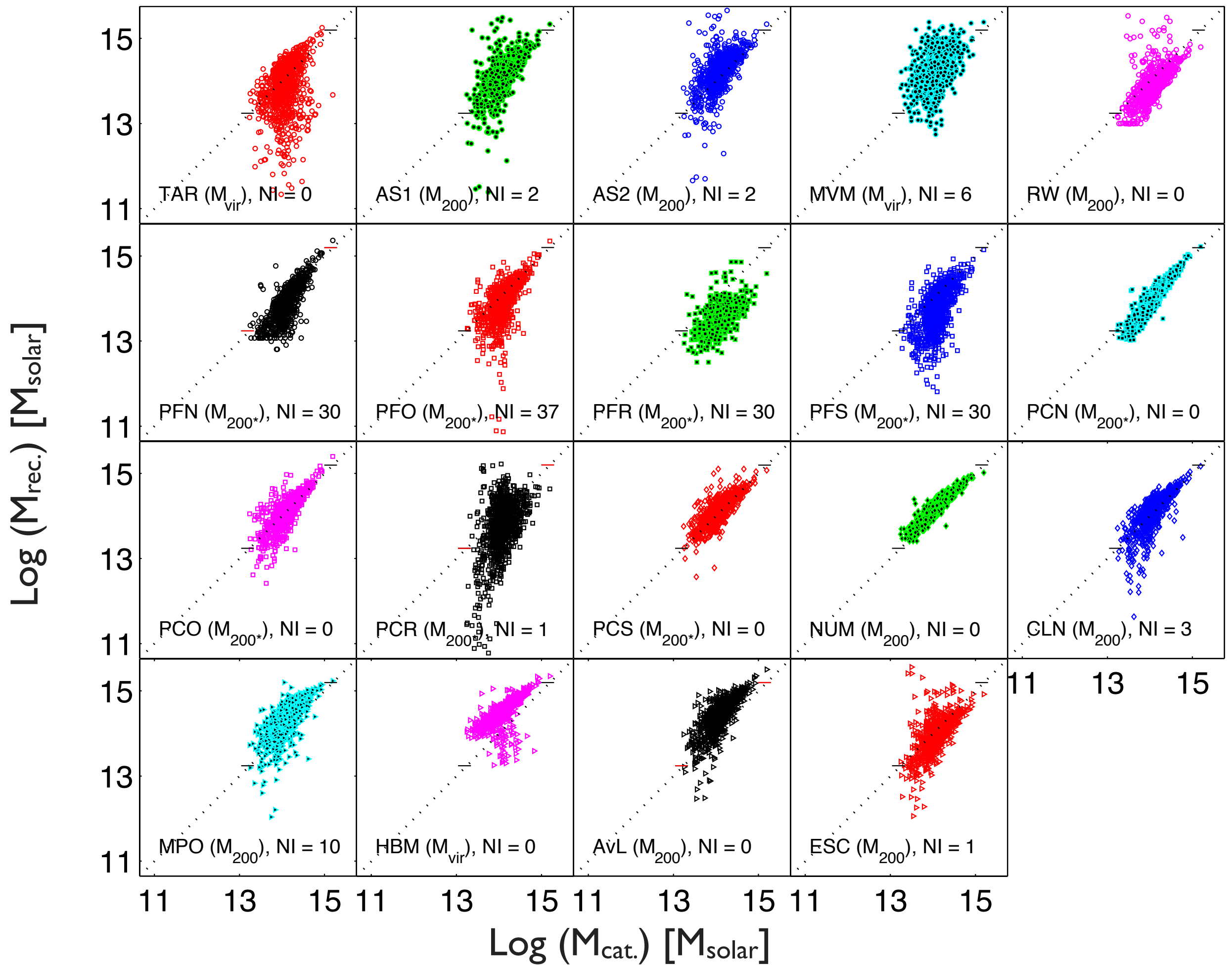
Halo properties

Halo ID	Galaxy ID
1	98673
1	45
1	485
:	:
2	4000

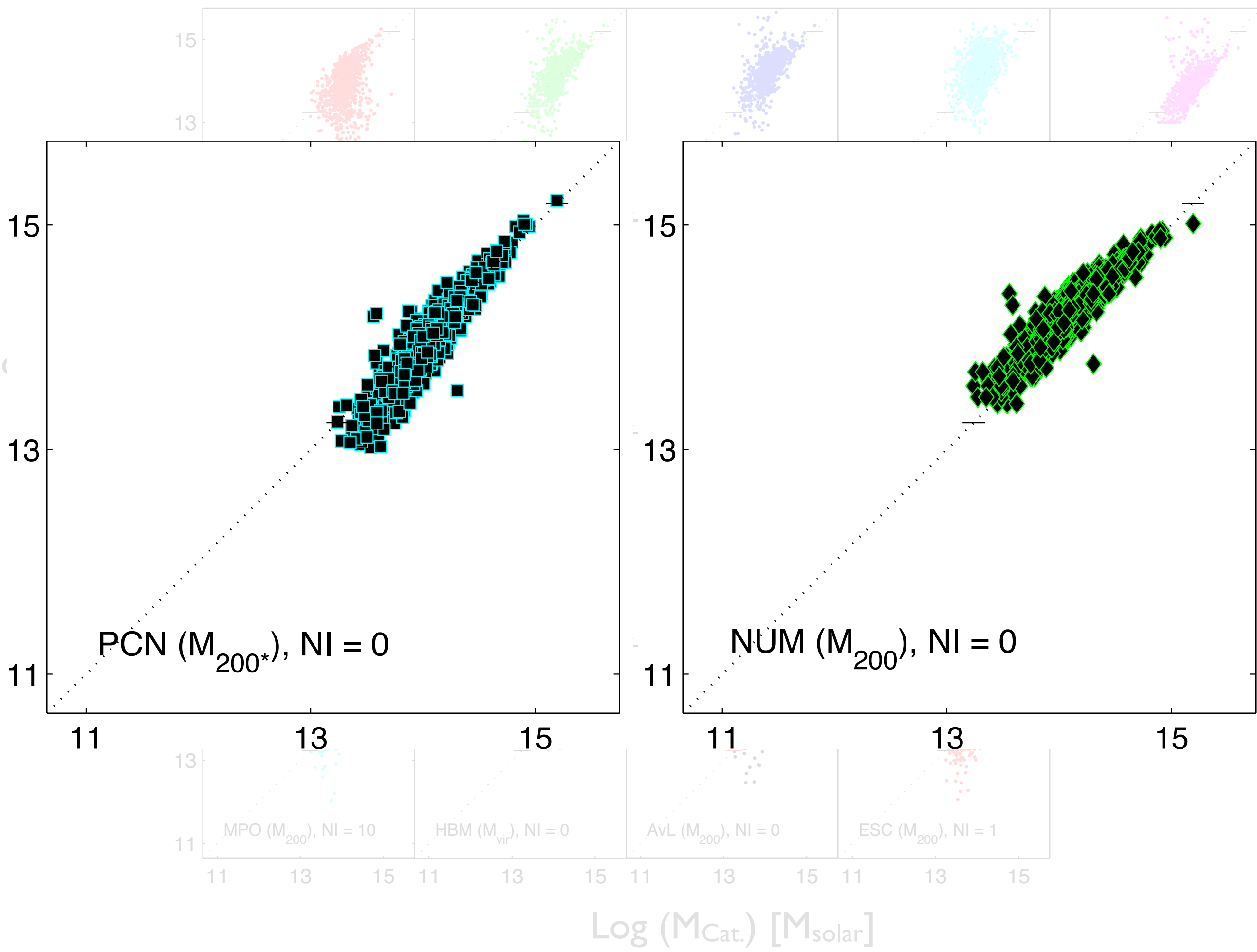
Membership

Results

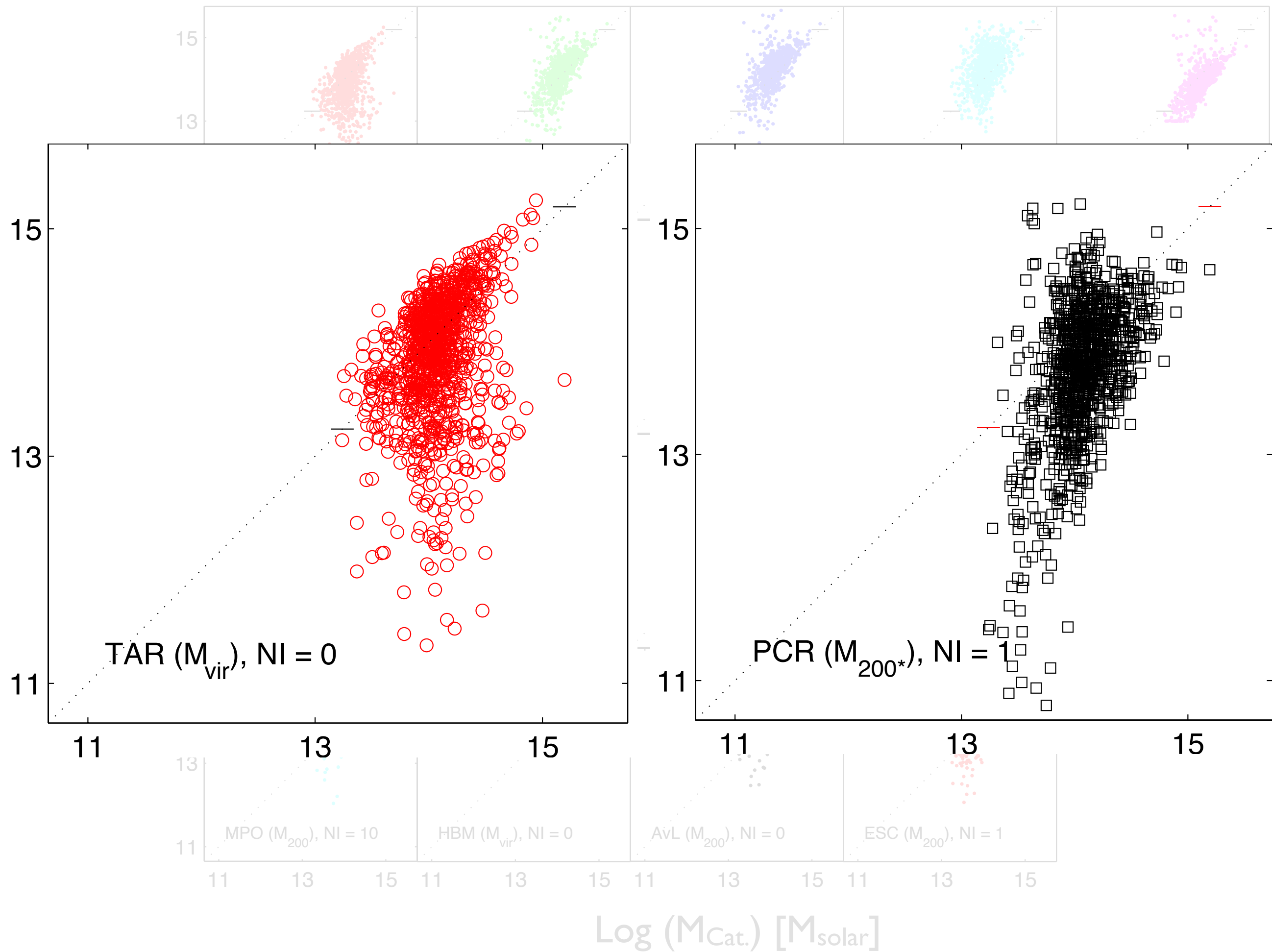
I: 'True' mass vs. recovered mass



L_c

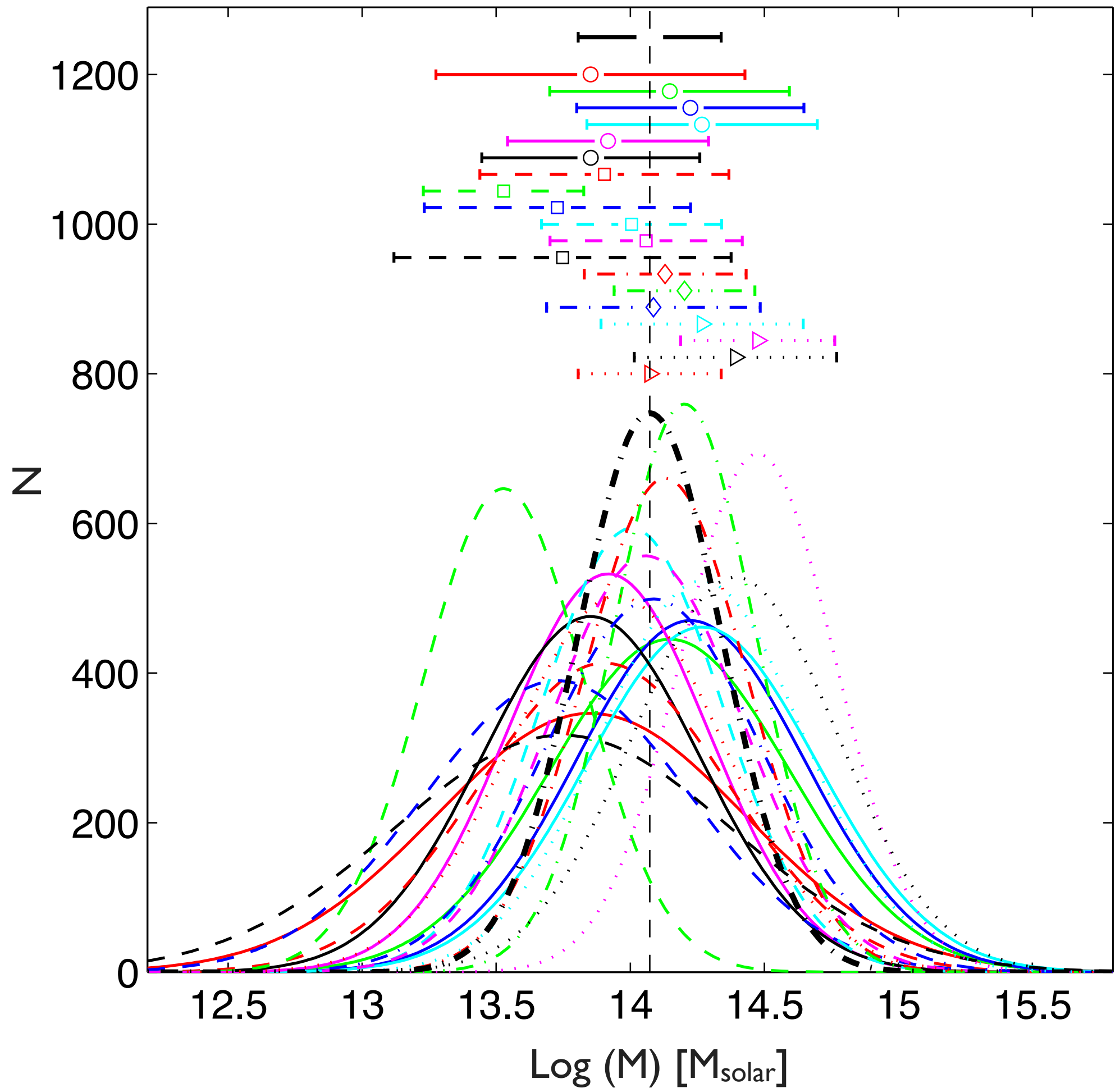
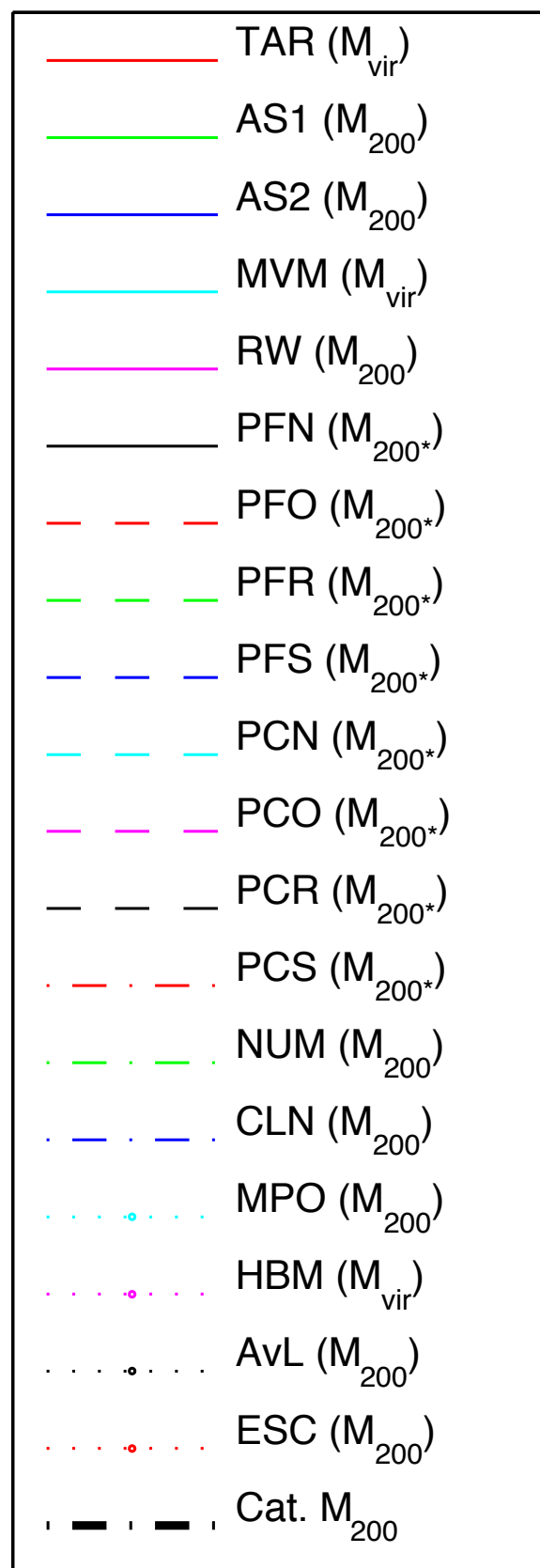


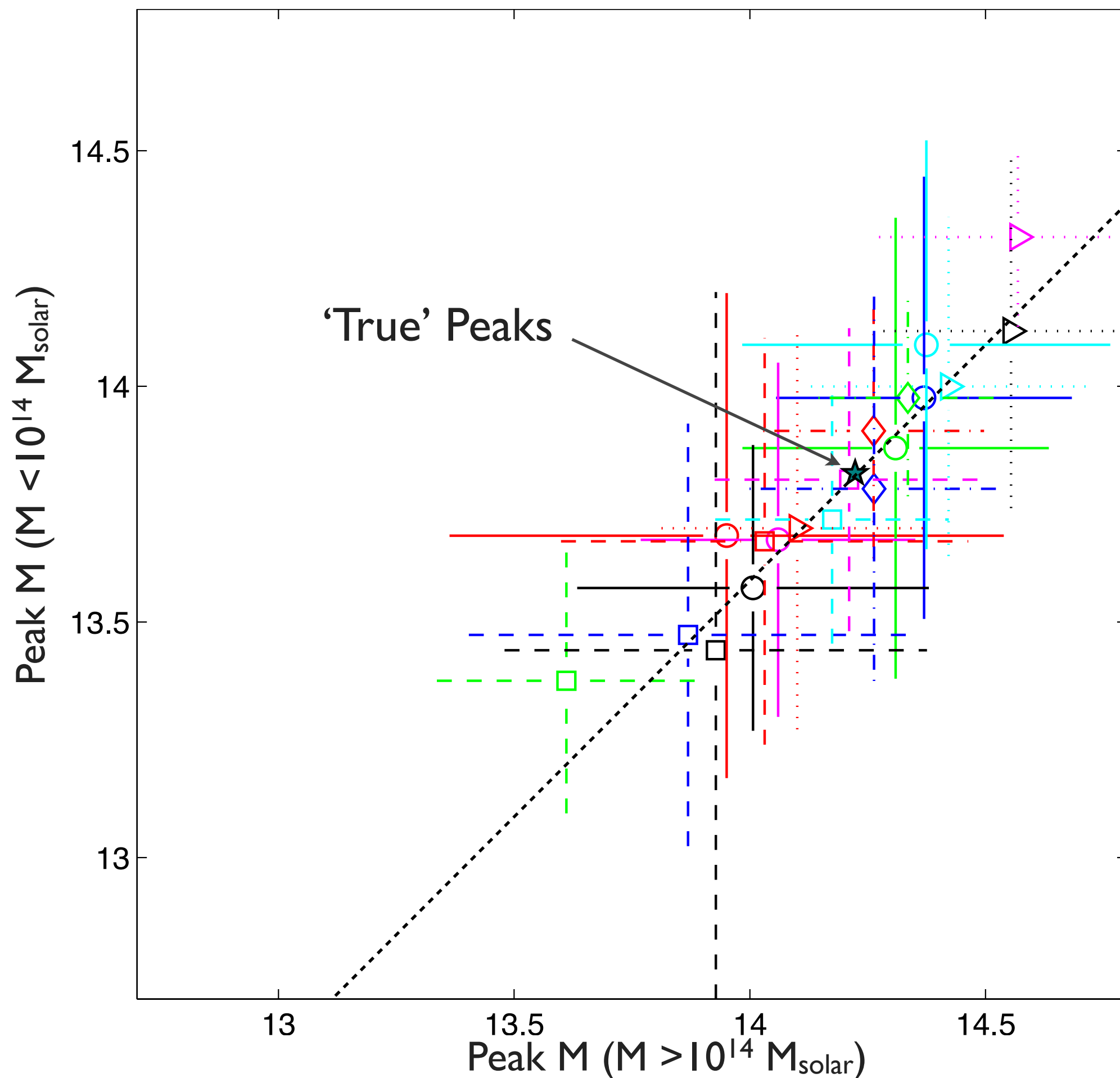
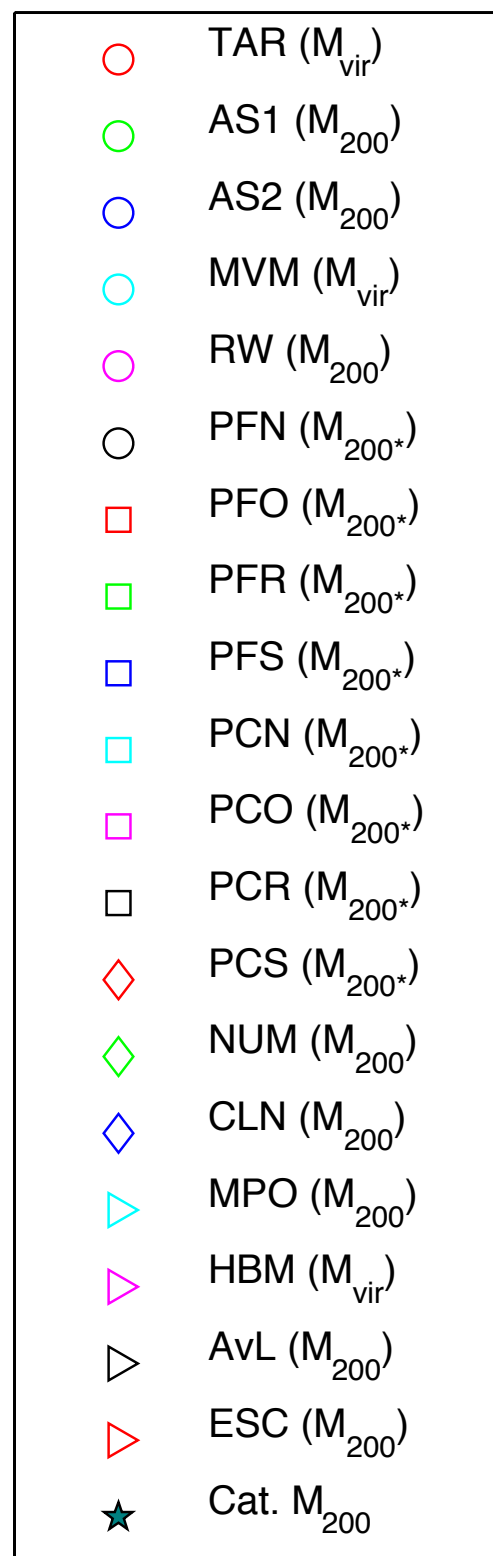
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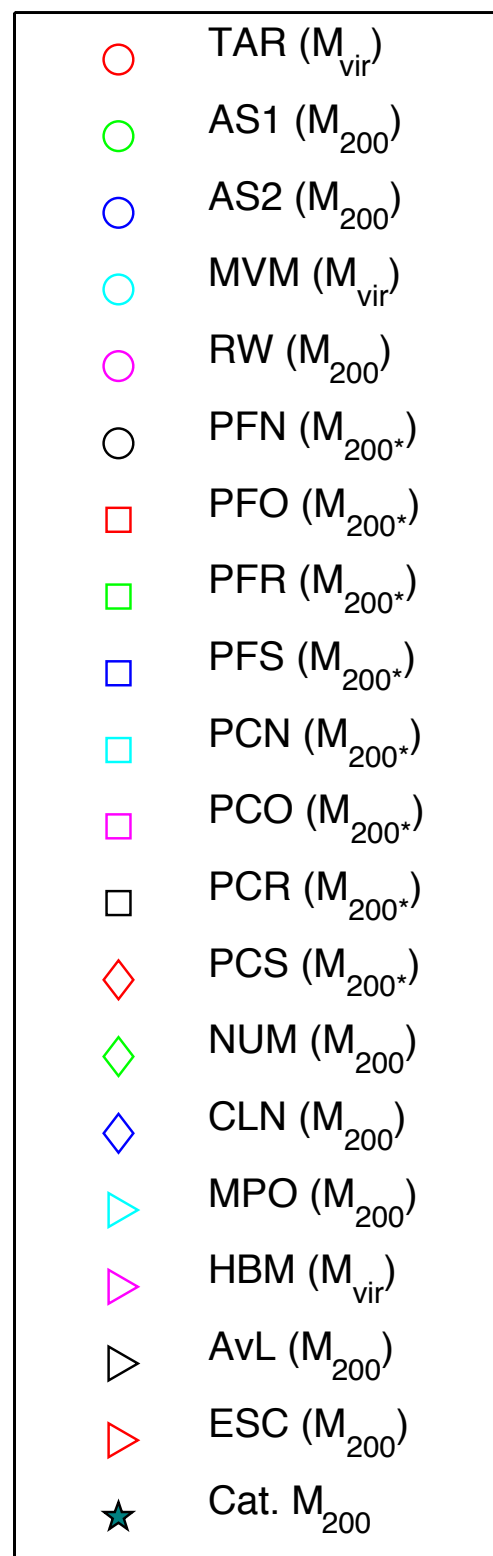


Results

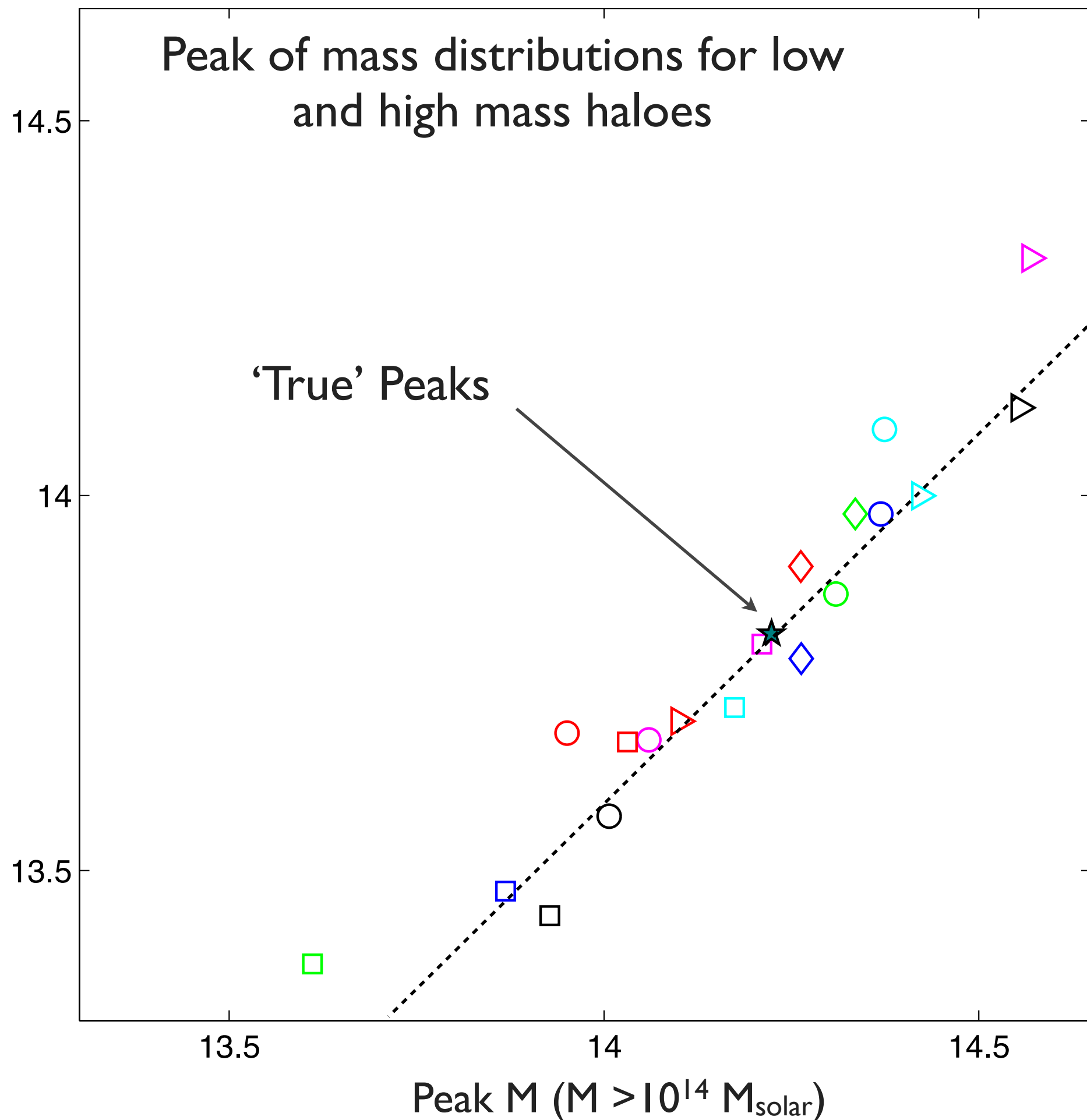
II: Recovered mass distributions

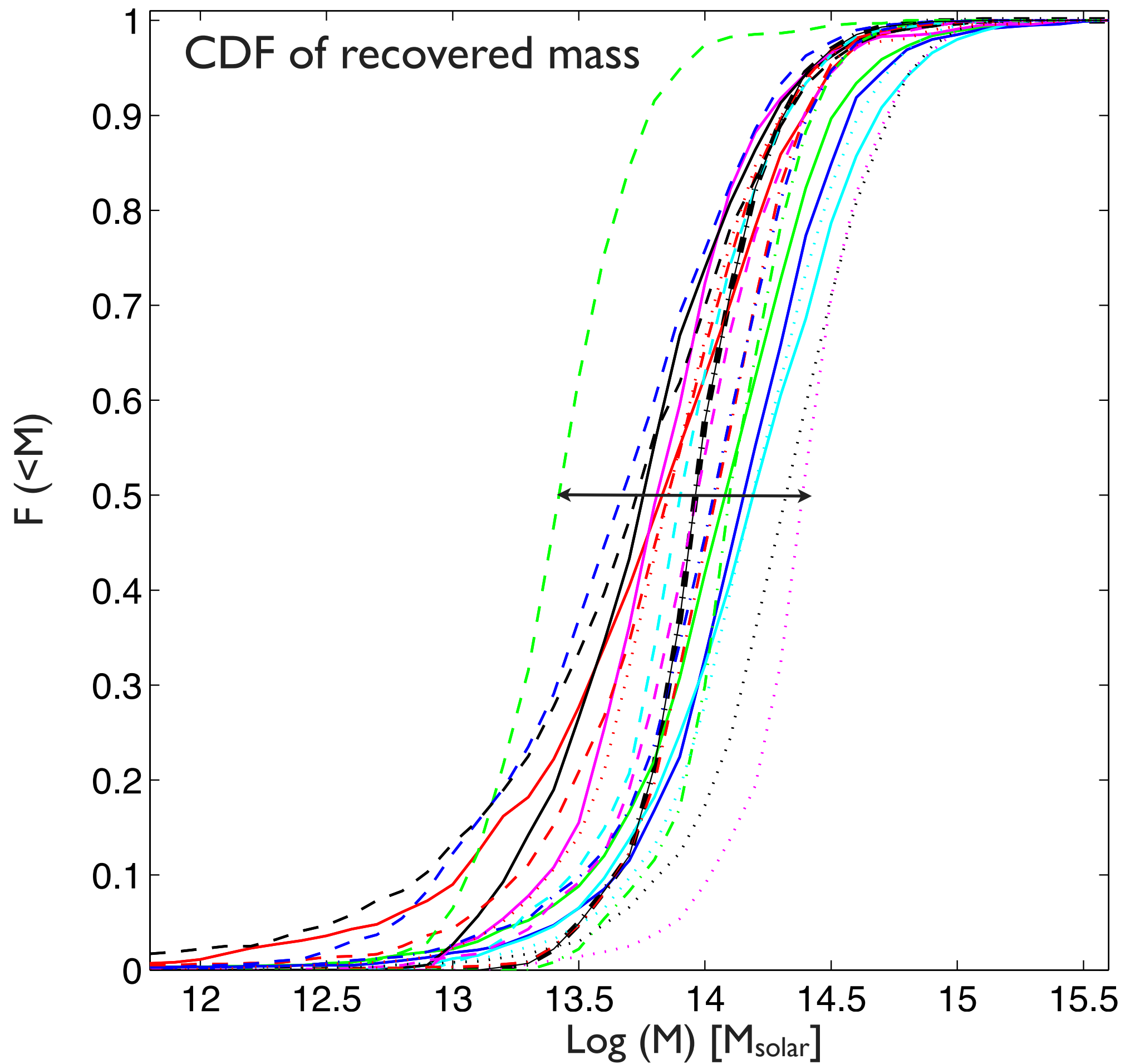
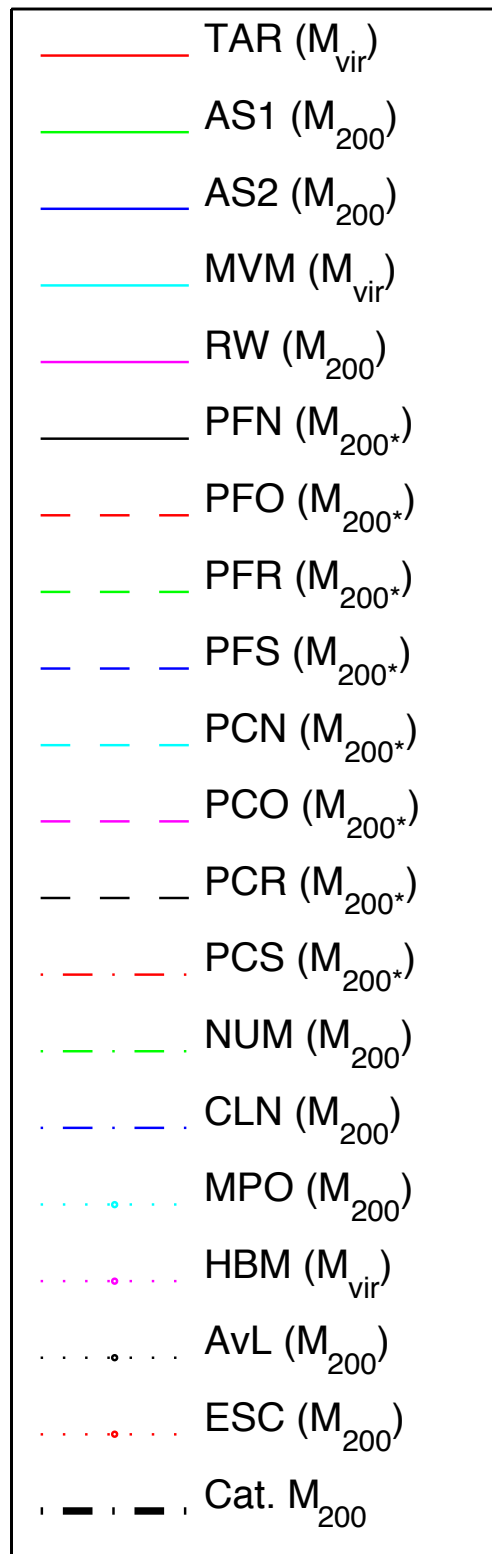


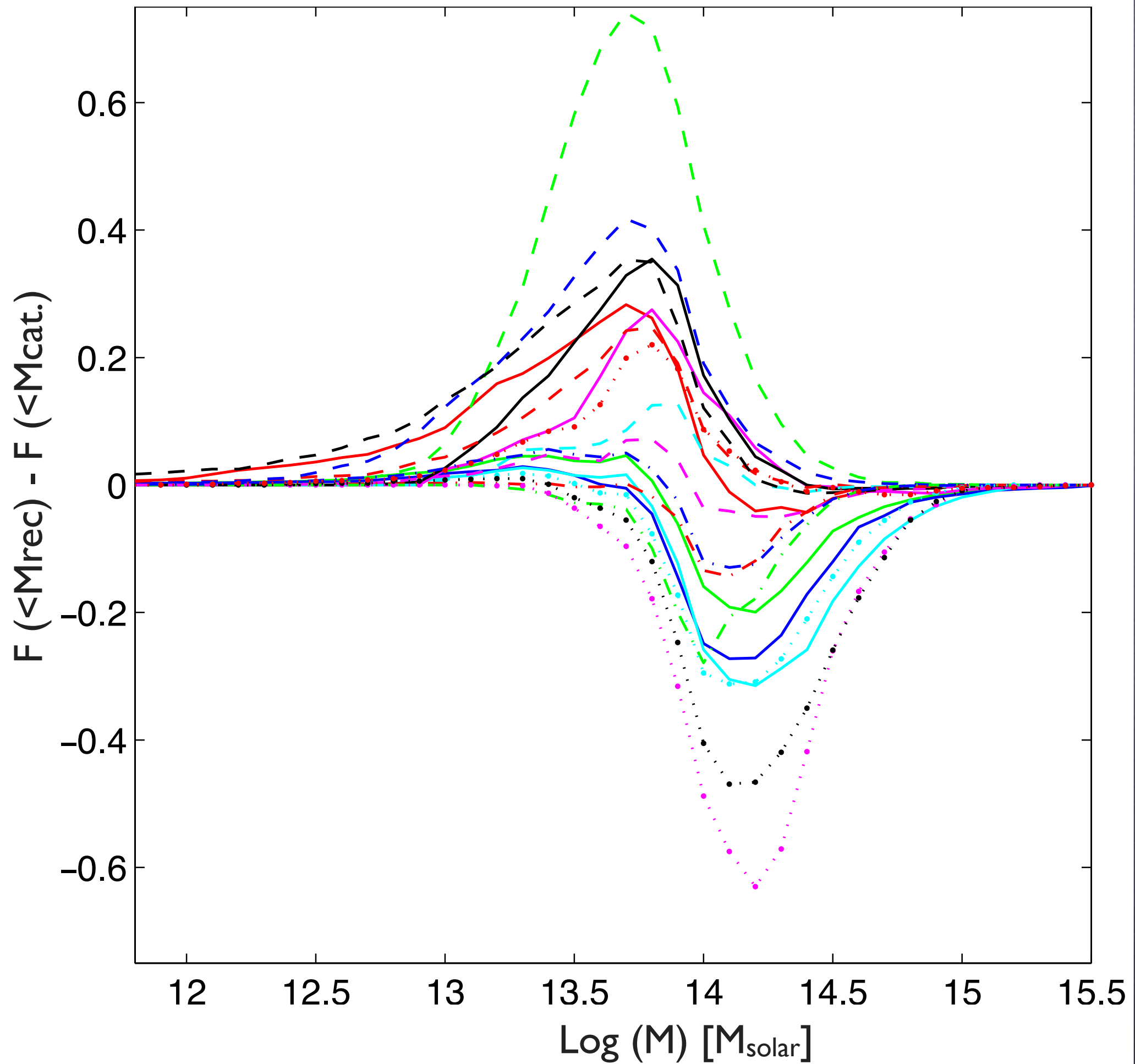
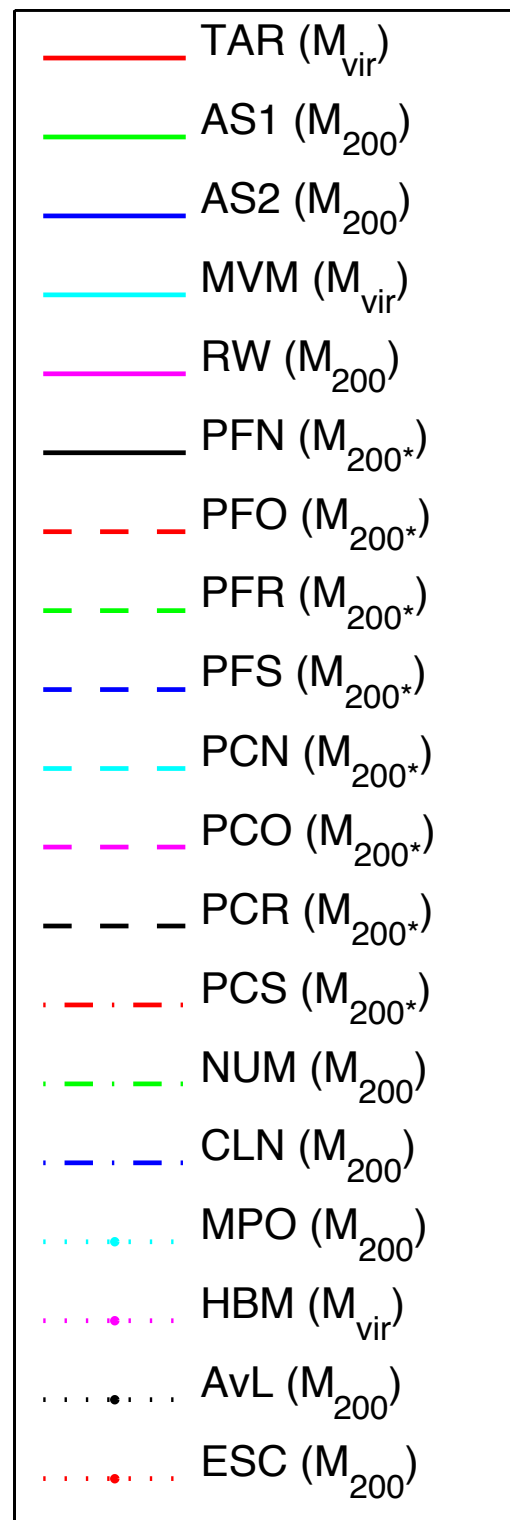




Peak M ($M < 10^{14} M_{\text{solar}}$)







Results

III: Fractional deviation

Fractional deviation: $\max\left(\frac{M_{\text{rec}}}{M_{\text{cat}}}, \frac{M_{\text{cat}}}{M_{\text{rec}}}\right)$

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Method	Fractional deviation			Rank
	$\log(M_{\text{Cat.}}) \leq 13.86$	$13.86 < \log(M_{\text{Cat.}}) \leq 14.52$	$14.52 < \log(M_{\text{Cat.}})$	
PCN	1.67	1.30	1.17	1
NUM	1.57	1.41	1.18	2
PCS	1.79	1.47	1.27	3
PCO	2.30	1.45	1.27	4
CLN	3.27	1.56	1.67	5
PFN	2.48	2.19	1.59	6
MPO	3.09	1.99	1.93	7
RW	3.62	1.89	1.71	8
ESC	4.86	1.81	1.58	9
AvL	3.27	2.44	2.14	10
AS2	5.19	2.23	1.45	11
AS1	5.88	2.13	1.44	12
MVM	3.80	2.66	1.80	13
HBM	3.89	2.79	2.67	14
PFS	4.40	4.30	3.15	15
PFR	3.33	4.41	5.91	16
PFO	5.33	7.32	1.86	17
TAR	4.77	8.20	12.27	18
PCR	28.68	4.06	2.81	19

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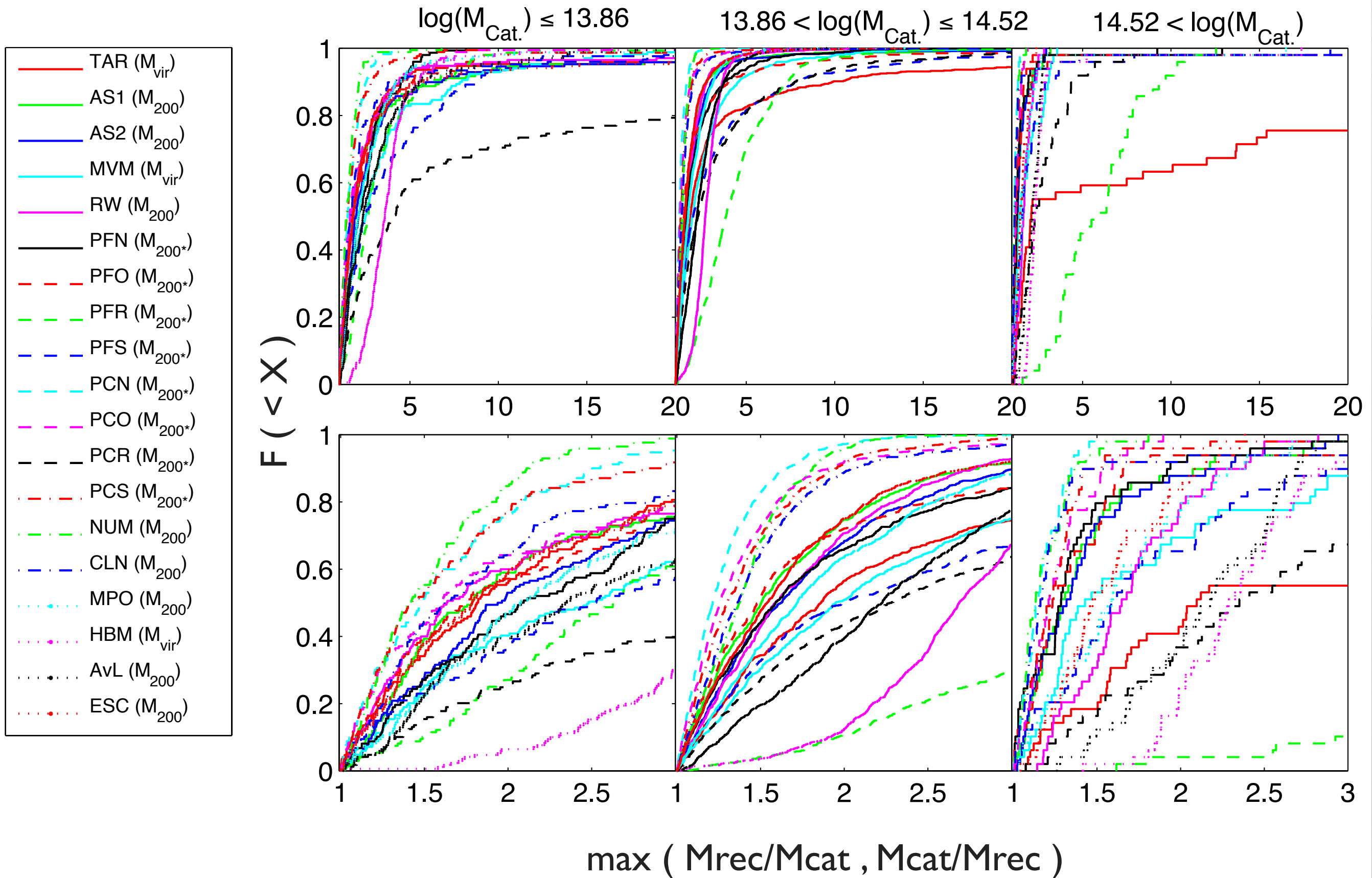
lower fractional deviation

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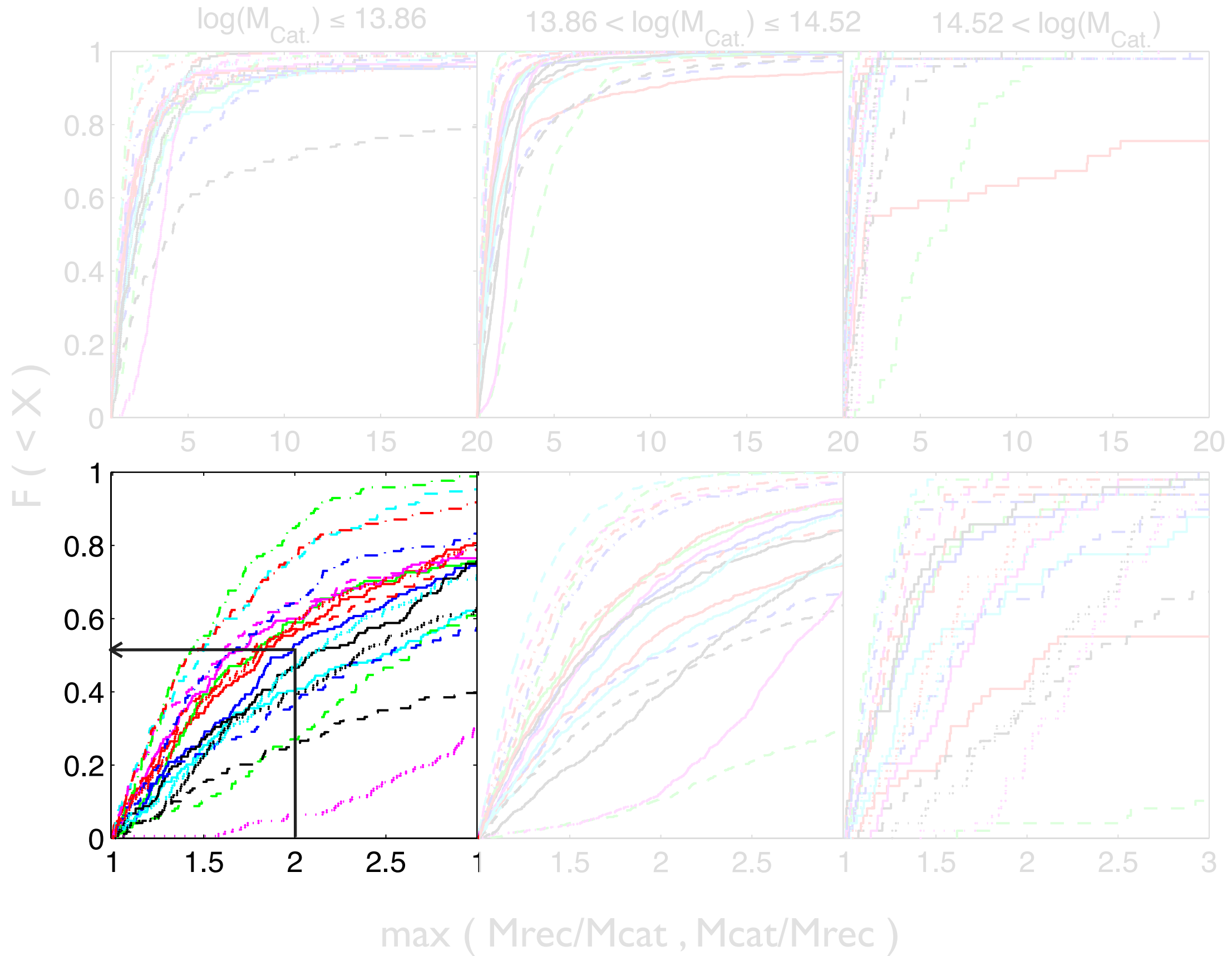
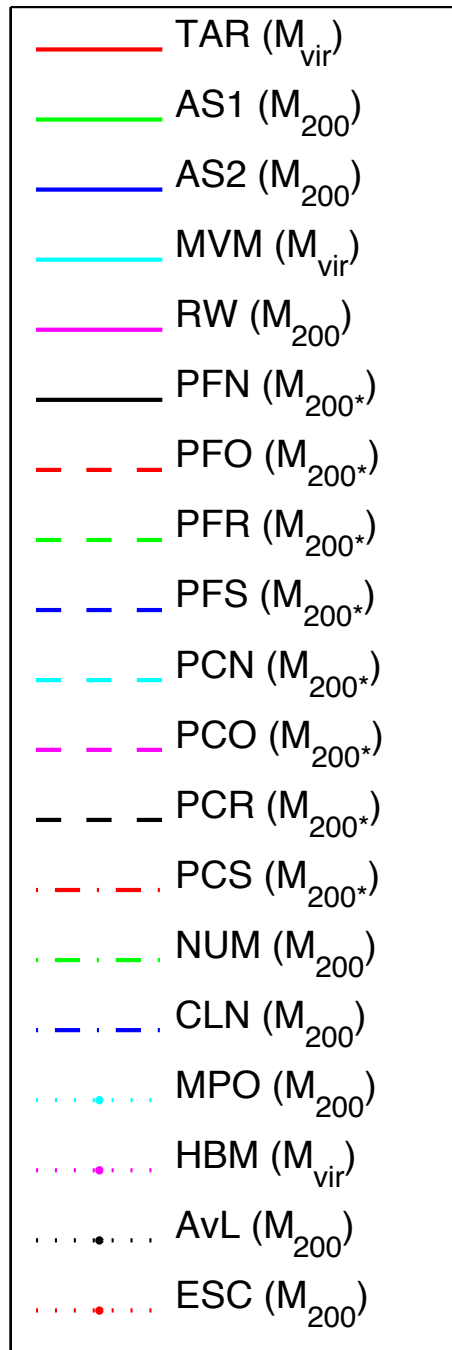
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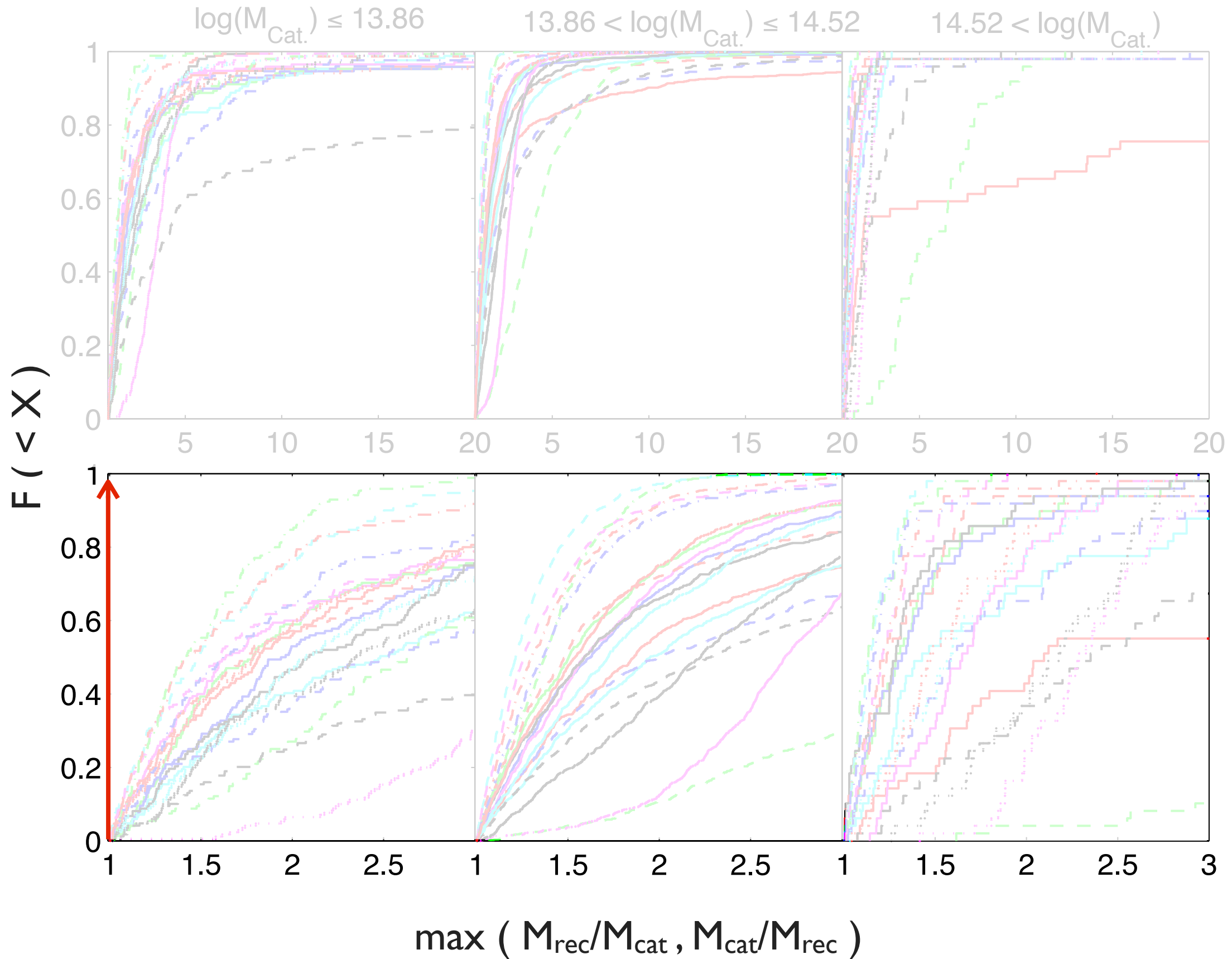
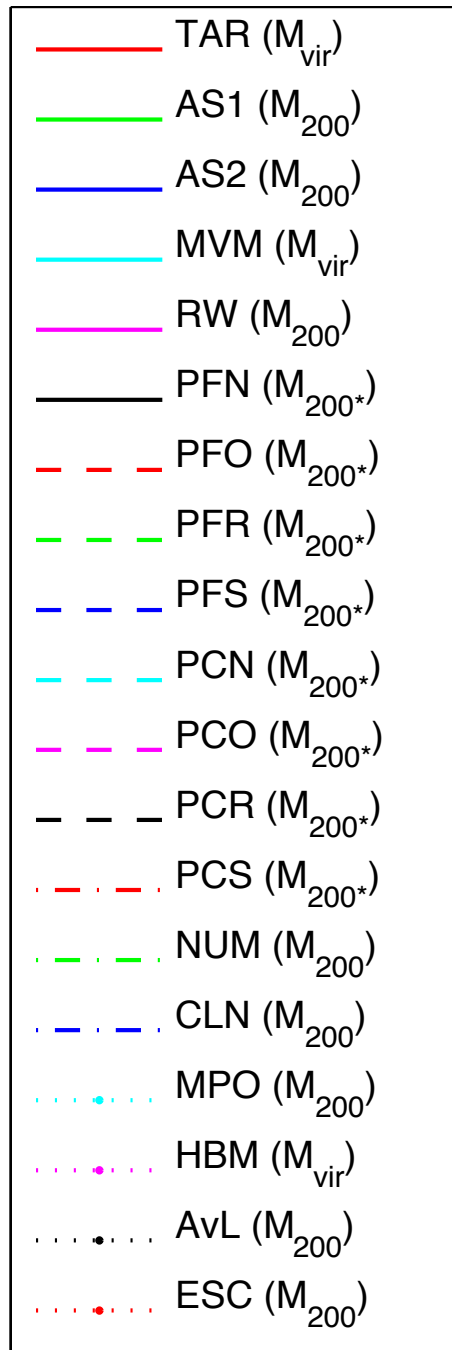
Fractional deviation



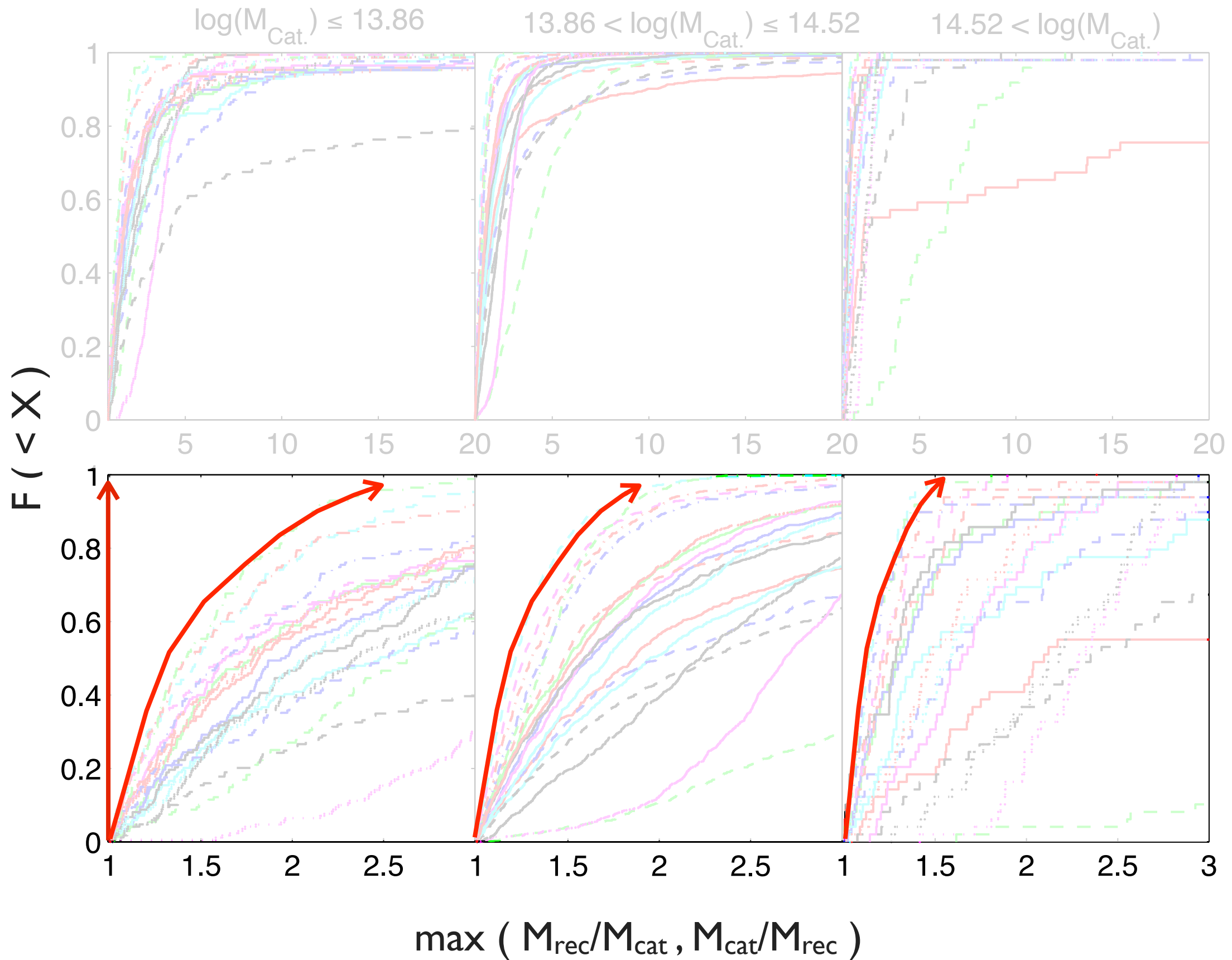
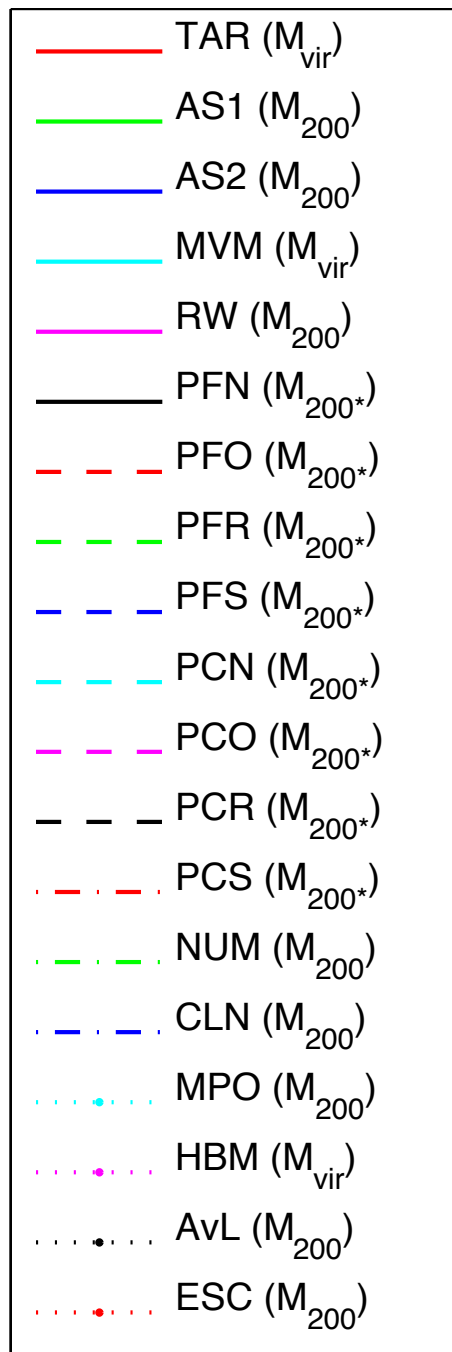
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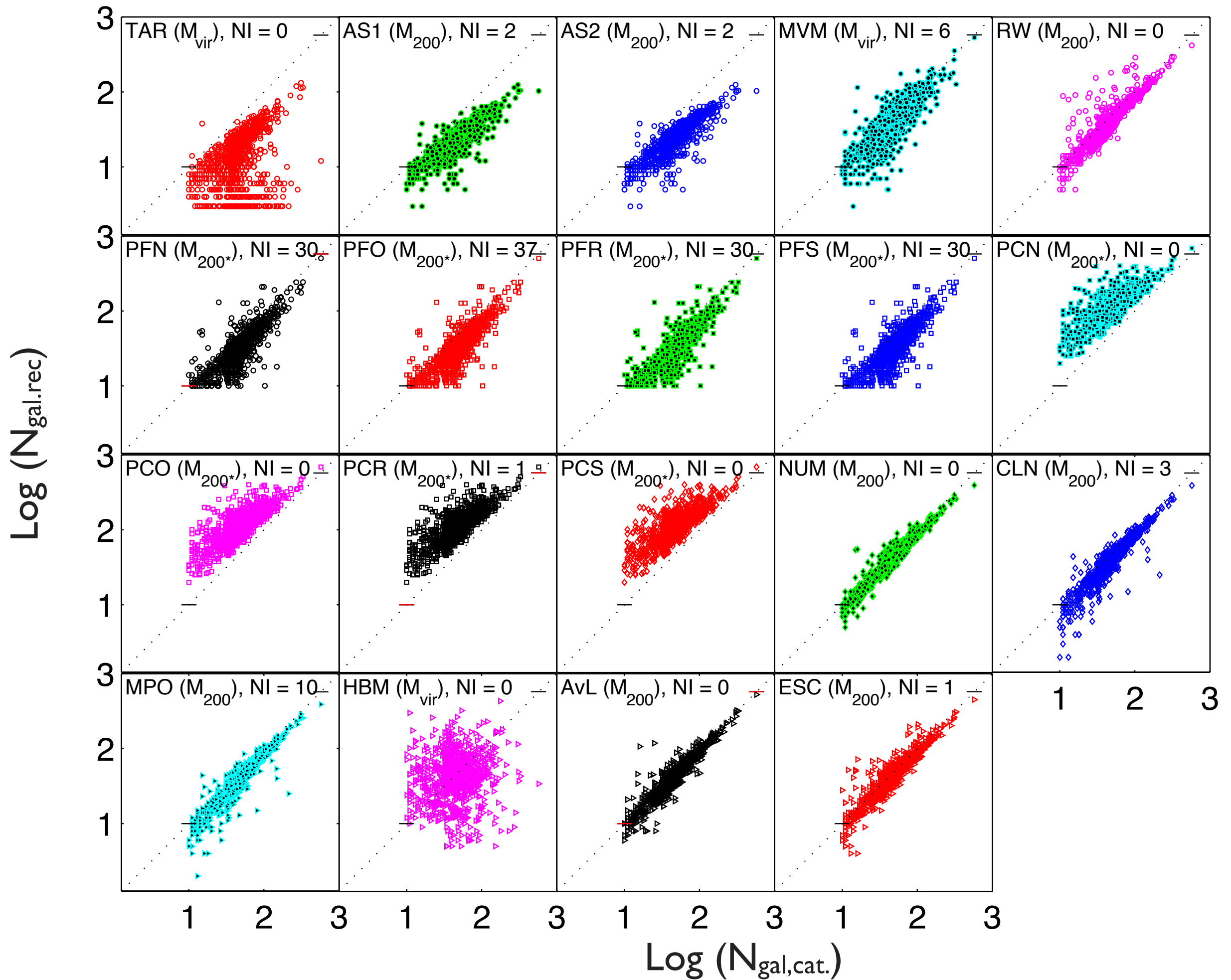


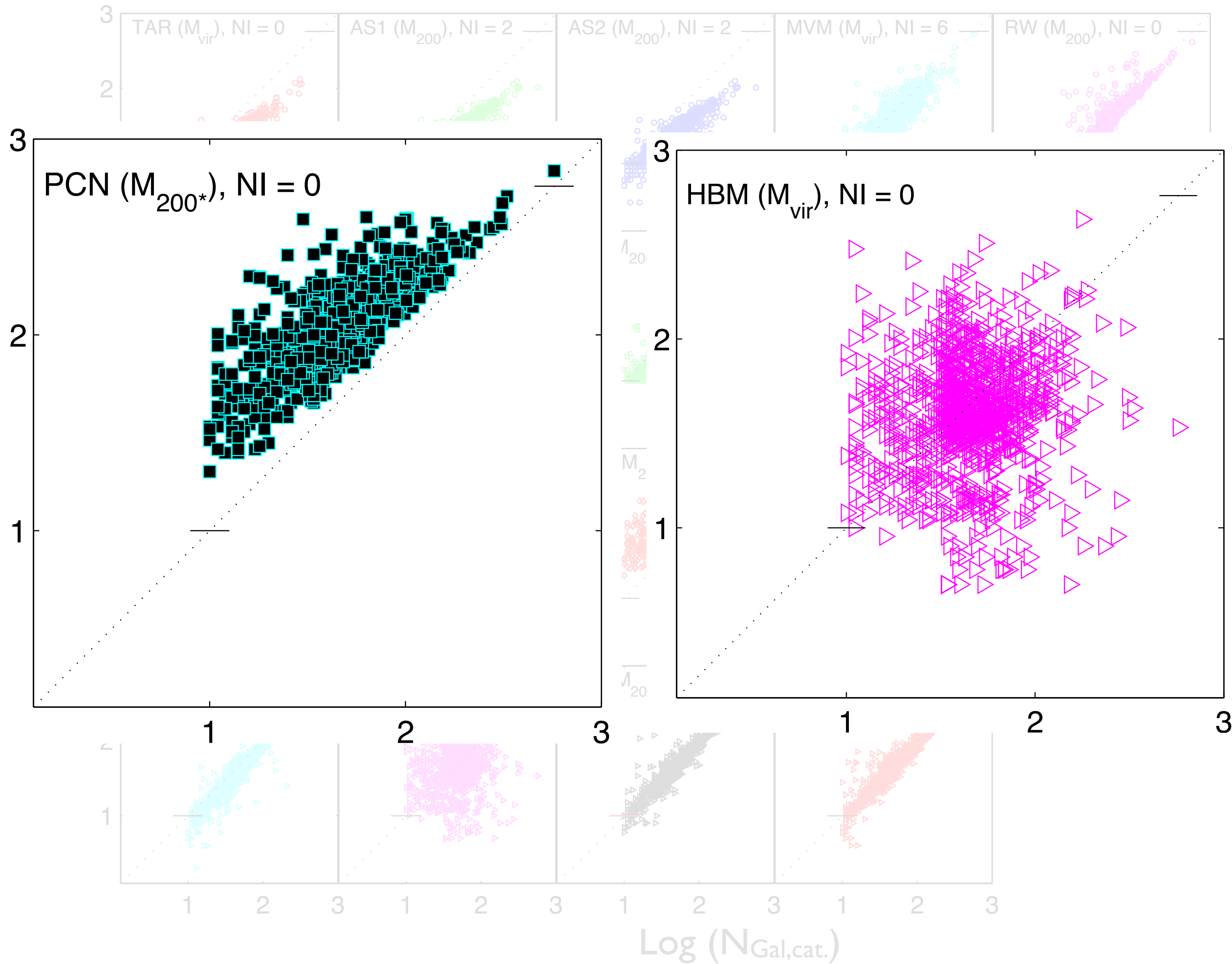
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Results

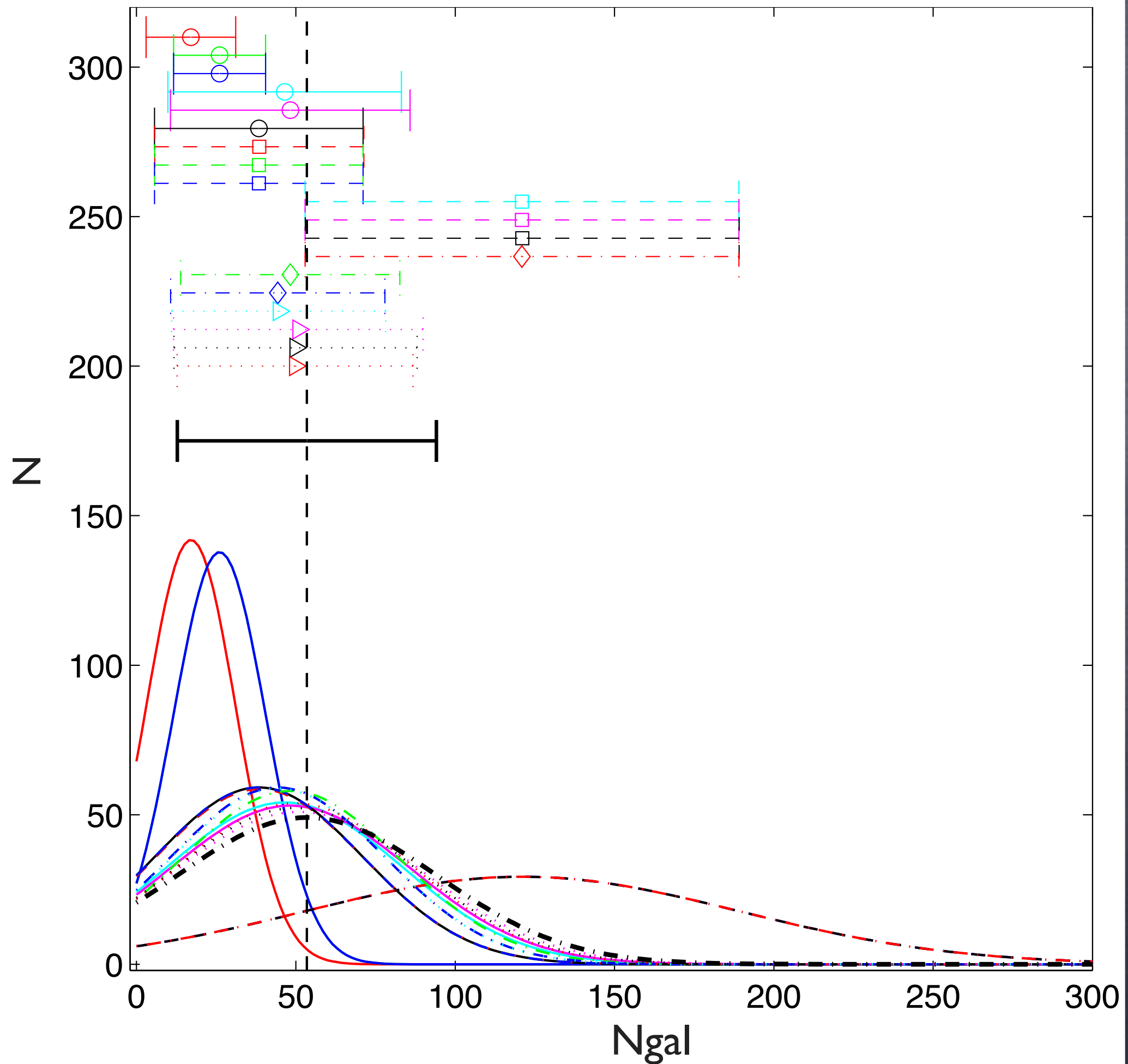
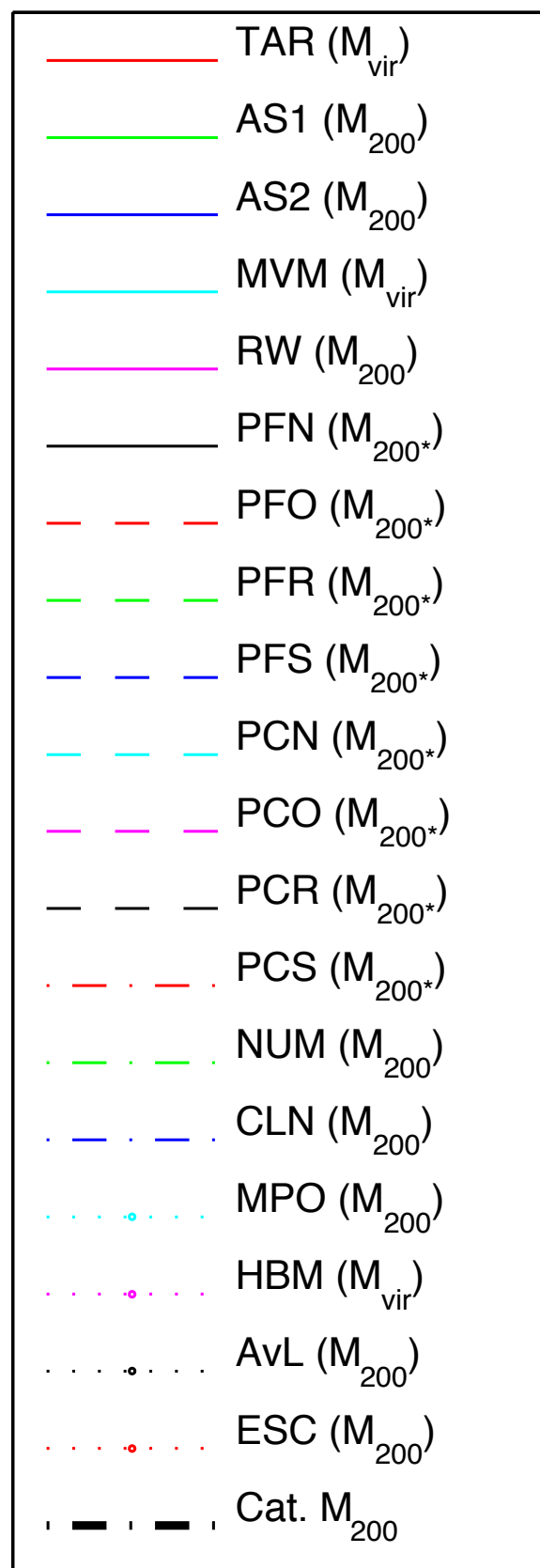
IV: 'True' N_{gal} vs. recovered N_{gal}

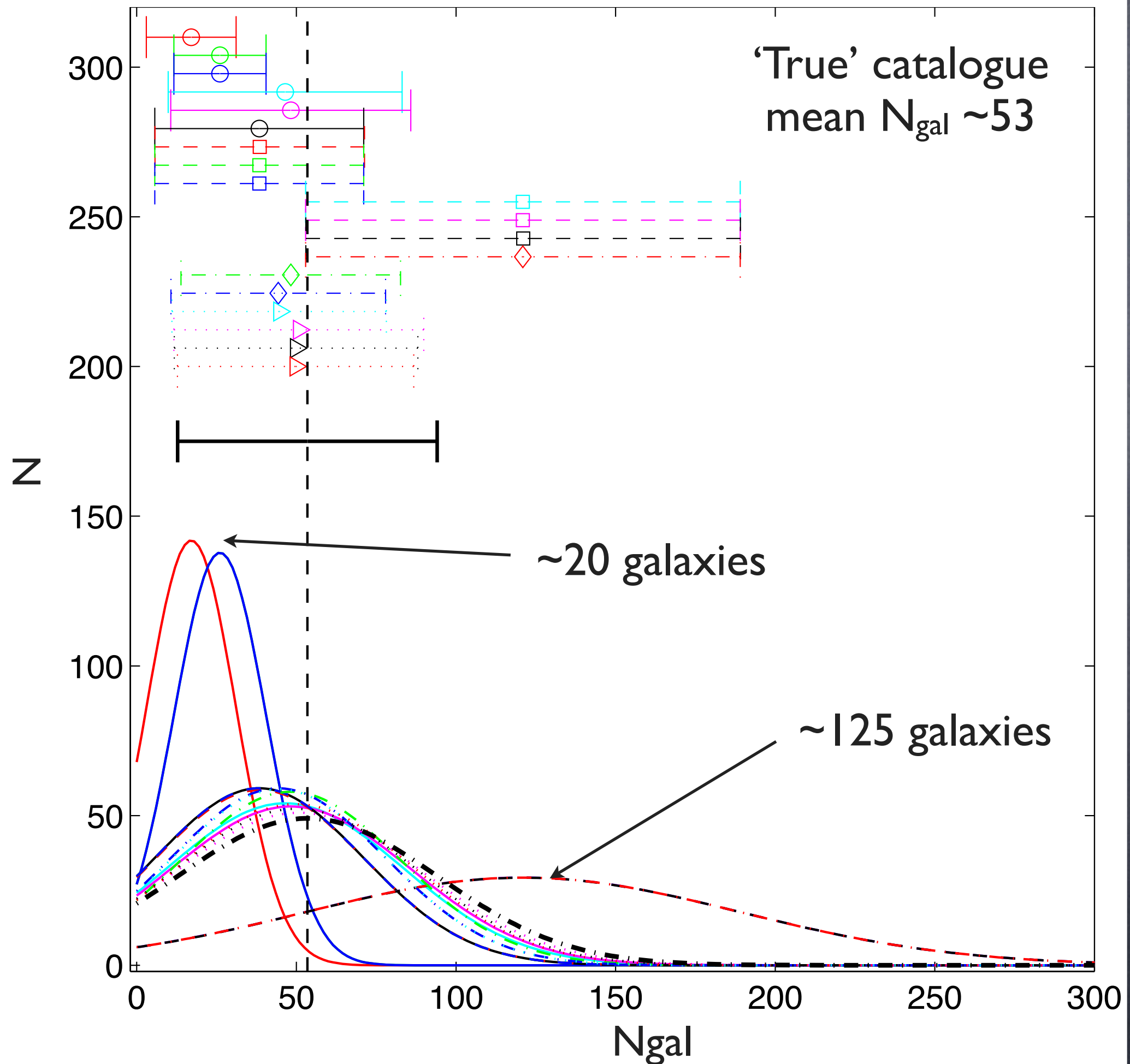
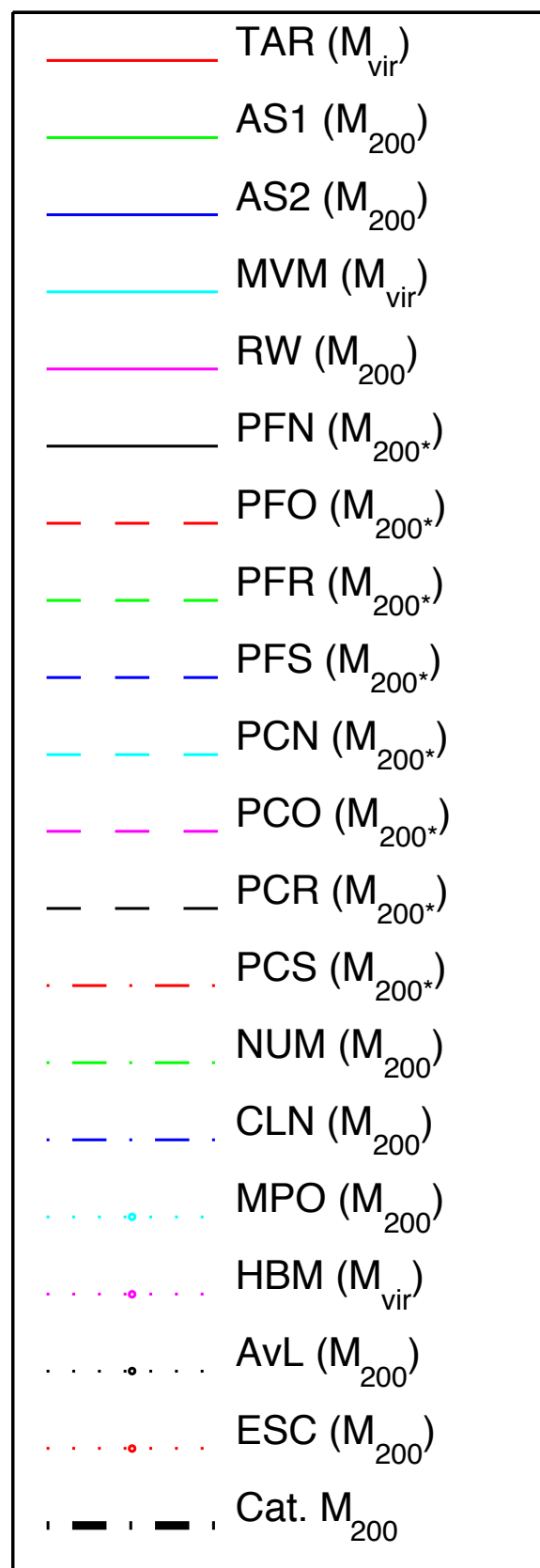




Results

V: Recovered N_{gal} distributions

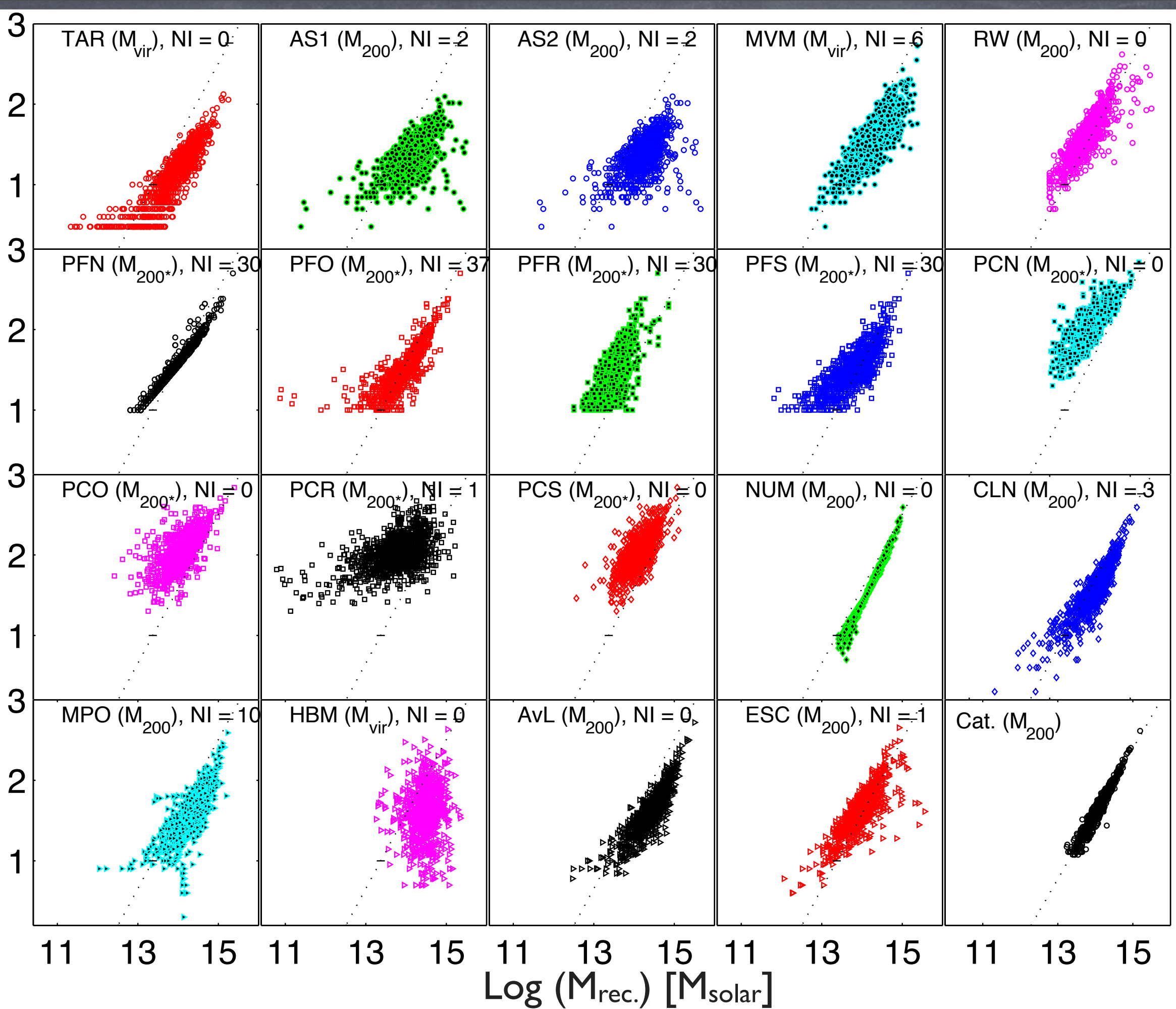




Results

V: Recovered N_{gal} vs recovered mass

$\text{Log}(N_{\text{gal. rec}})$



Summary

- Majority of methods recover halo mass more accurately for higher mass haloes than lower mass haloes.
- Richness based methods within a cylindrical volume appear to recover more accurate masses than FoF based methods.
- Even methods with the lowest fractional deviations, on average, under- or over-estimate halo mass by $\sim 20-70\%$.
- The number of galaxies associated with each halo also varies substantially, from $N_{\text{gal}} \sim 20$ to $N_{\text{gal}} \sim 125$.

Next step: incorporate new methods, R_{200}/σ , phase 2!